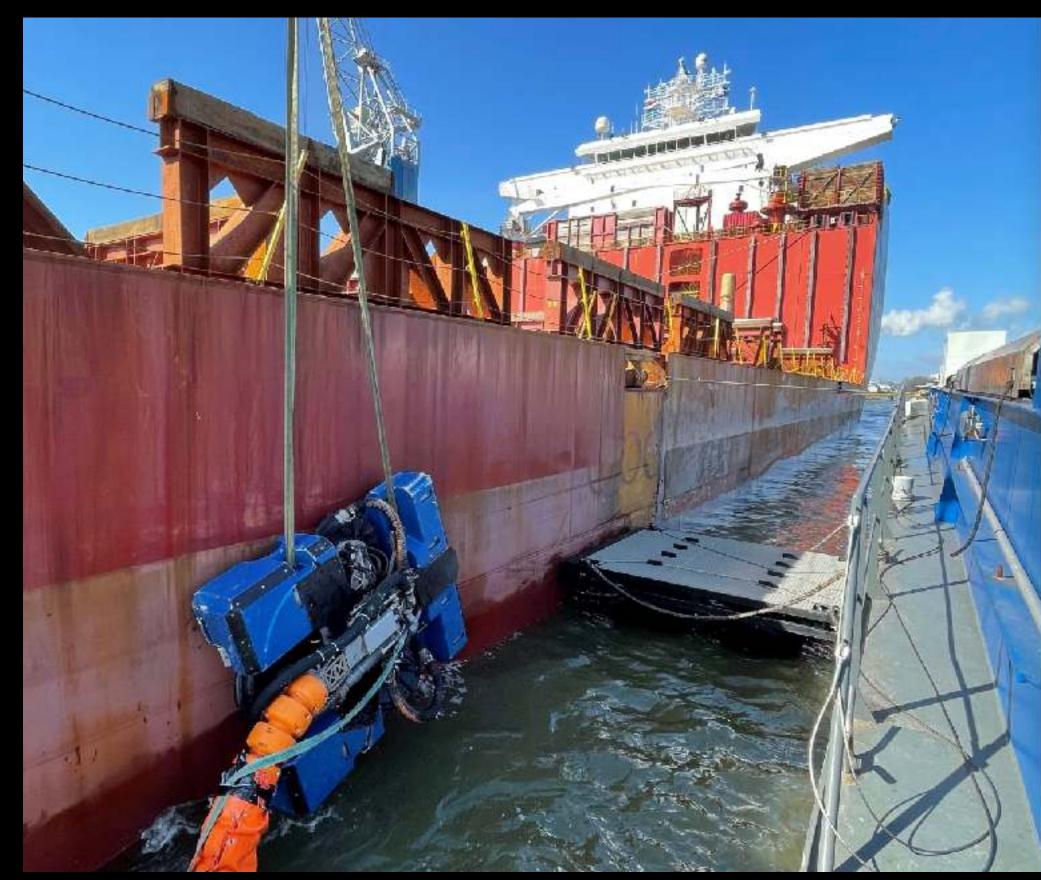
CHALLENGE: REDUCING MARINE CO2 EMISSIONS









ANALYSED NIUCAP BY VENTURES





Introducing



NEPTUNE ROBOTICS

targeting

BIOFOULING RELATED EMISSIONS

ANALYSED NIUCAP BY VENTURES





SDGSTACKLED





https://sdgs.un.org/

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KEY FACTS

INDUSTRY: AI/ROBOTICS

FORMATION: 2019 in Shenzhen

FUNDING STAGE: Series A

URL: https://neptune-robotics.com

CHINESE NAME: Shenzhen Nabai Information

Technology Co., Ltd.

深圳纳百信息技术有限公司



SOLUTION

PRODUCT: ship cleaning robots and predictive

maintenance for the shipping industry

VALUE PROPOSITION: cost reductions and life-cycle extension of ship hulls through

improved maintenance

reduced fuel consumption, reduced

emissions and improved carbon

footprint

MONETIZATION: RaaS model (robotics-as-a-service)

USP

- patented cavitational waterjet technology which makes it possible to see and operate in zero-visibility waters
- broad cleaning area above/below the water draught (20 m)
- best possible cleaning effect without damaging the surface
- advanced image processing making it possible to take clear images in zero visibility muddy water
- predictive maintenance via big data analytics and AI for optimised planning, maximum cleaning efficiency and minimum left-out areas







FUNDING

FUNDING STAGE: Series A

April 20th, 2022 **LAST ROUND:**

ca. \$ 17,250,000 (Series A)¹ **FUNDING RAISED:**

\$10,000,0002 **REGISTERED CAPITAL:**

MAJOR INVESTORS

- LEAD: SEQUOIA CAPITAL CHINA (红杉中国领投)
- MATRIX PARTNERS CHINA (经纬创投)
- SOSV et al.













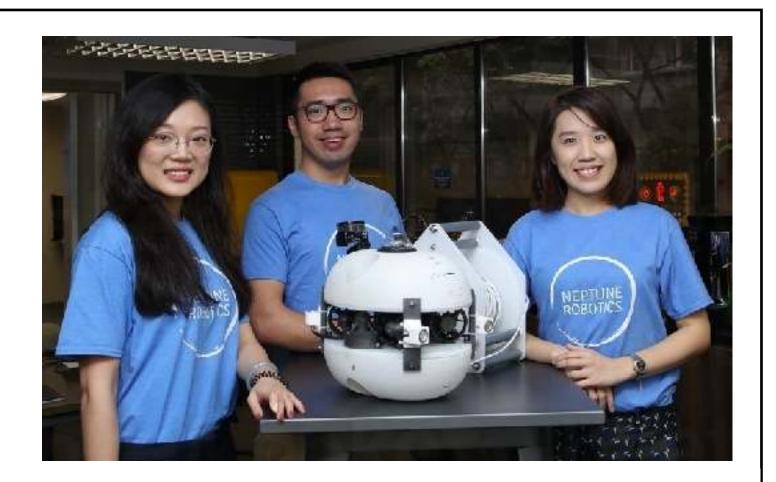






TEAM

- Elizabeth Chan (Chen Siying), CEO & Co-founder: Master & Bachelor of Economics at University of Cambridge
- Jacky Im (Yan Zhuoquan), CTO & Co-founder: Bachelor of Physics & Mechanical Engineering at Hong Kong University of Science & Technology, once led the team to win the MATE Intern. Underwater Robot Competition
- Kate Ma (Ma Hongqian), COO & Co-founder: Master of Mathematics at London School of Economics & Political Science (LSE), Bachelor of Mathematics from Imperial College London, former Certified Actuary of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu (UK)
- **60 headcount (April 2022),** to be increased to 120 in 2023









REMARKS



PROBLEM EXPLAINED: Biofouling on ship hulls increases fuel consumption around 15% on average. The term specifically refers to a build-up of microorganisms and other life. That includes a wide range of different creatures, like algae and barnacles, often referred to as invasive aquatic species which may pose threats to human, animal and plant life.



COSTS: Fouled hulls cost the shipping industry as much as \$30 billion per year. Biofouling can also cause significant maintenance issues for vessels and reduce overall performance.



RELATED CARBON EMISSIONS: Marine Biofouling on vessel hulls is believed to add approximately **110M tons of excess carbon emissions** annually across the shipping industry. With around **90,000 ships** sailing ocean waters and transporting nearly **90% of world trade**, vessels not only emit a significant amount of GHG emissions but also carry and release other ecologically harmful pollutants along their voyage.



MARKET: 90,000 international vessels and 9,535 container ships registered as of 2022: average draught/draft: 8.3 meters for a 1,000 TEU containership; can reach 16 meters for ships above 14,000 TEU.



REGULATORY STATUS: Existing guidelines and regulation by the EU and IMO (The International Maritime Organization), shipping industry is aware of the problem and searching for solutions. The IMO has committed to reducing greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions from international shipping by at least 50% by 2050 (compared to 2008 emissions), with a strong emphasis on reaching zero emissions.



SCALABILITY: Can be applied to multiple underwater scenarios like off-shore plants, tankers, petroleum terminals etc.



IMPACT TIMELINE: Unlike many other climate tech companies, Neptune can **immediately** make a meaningful climate impact.

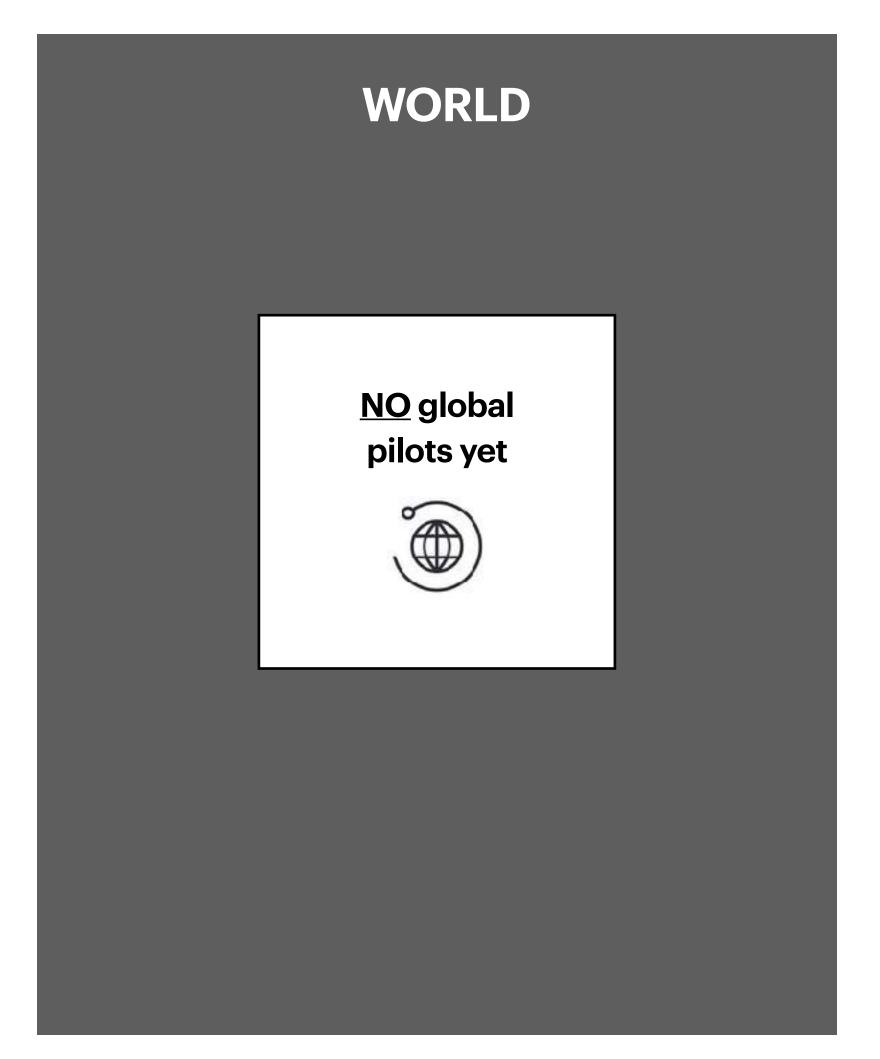






PILOTS











CONCLUSION



COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGE (TODAY):

I. SERVICE SPECTRUM:

Inspection + documentation + maintenance

NEPTUNE ROBOTICS covers the <u>full service</u> <u>spectrum</u> of ship hull cleaning with a fully <u>remote</u> approach, outperforming competitors in most fields.

We therefore assume that the startup will be able to

- operate at a fraction of costs,
- access new revenue streams, (recurring revenues (MRR/ARR) via RaaS)

II. TECHNOLOGY:

NEPTUNE ROBOTICS has profound experience in future key technologies such as **computer vision**, **big data analytics and AI**. Closing up in these fields should not be an easy task for competitors & take a considerable time.

We therefore assume that the startup will be able to **outperform competitors in the long run** if it further extends their technological advantage, tech expertise and stack with focus and speed.

OUTLOOK



CHALLENGE — MEASURABLE VALUE PROP. & USP:

Advantages should <u>further be proven</u> & communicated via <u>measurable KPIs</u>. The goal should be to outperform competition in every dimension. Key metrics include:

- cleaning speed (benchmark: >2000 m²/h),
- cleaning impact (benchmark: lasts 3+ times longer),
- reduction of CO2 emissions (benchmark: 17,600 tons (12.5%)),
- reduction of fuel consumption (no benchmarks),
- cost savings (benchmark: \$50K/months),
- increase of ship life cycle (no benchmarks).



OPPORTUNITY — DAMAGE DETECTION:

Given the backing of top-notch VCs, we assume NR is targeting further opportunities beyond the obvious.

Our hypothesis is that the startup will continue training their algorithms to further **cover the detection of damages** (e.g. holes, rupture, cracks, scrapes, deformations like indents, damage of paint or coating). This would give the startup **access to even higher annual recurring revenue** (ARR) opportunities and could lead to sky rocketing growth.







IMPACT ANALYSIS

Т

IMPACTlocal marketFACTORexcellence



global scalability

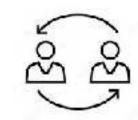


sustainable business model

TACKLED



actionable solution



PART. TACKLED

educational & transformative





(IN CHINA

► Technological leadership in China is given; market penetration is still low due to the startup's early stage.

FROM CHINA TO GLOBAL

- The solution can be applied in any other market with immediate effect.
- Expected international rollout (short/mid-term):
 - Asia & U.S.
 - Europe

MEASURABLE IMPACT FACTORS

- The economic and ecological impact of the solution is substantial and measurable.
- The business model seems feasible and sustainable.

STAKEHOLDER AGNOSTIC

Startup seems to tackle all key players with actionable solutions (short/mid/long-term).



- Concepts exist to disruptively transform the tech space via big data and AI.
- At present, the startup does not further educate on the global challenge it is solving.

DATE: JUNE 2023



The startup is solving a problem of <u>high global impact</u> with <u>immediate</u> effect.

<u>Educational campaigns</u> should be installed to <u>further increase the outreach</u> of the project.





> ADDITIONAL RESEARCH <

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INTERNATIONAL COMPETITION



ROBOTIC SOLUTIONS:

Mainly massive, hard to operate cleaning robots with the following characteristics:

- <u>limited cleaning</u> effect
- <u>narrow coverage</u> of ship hull surfaces (not able to cover draughts/drafts of 10m and above)
- no fully remote operation possible
- no AI / predictive maintenance
- > limited applicability beyond small and medium vessels (ca. 50% of the 90K international vessels not covered)
- > limited capability to close up in the AI / predictive maintenance field —> key advantage of NEPTUNE ROBOTICS



BRUSH / KART METHOD:

High-powered brushes clamp down on the hull and dislodge the thick sludge of biofilm.

Process offers (-) no form of filtration as removed marine organisms contaminate local port waters, abrasive bristles

(-) damage expensive antifouling paint and plastics from the cleaning brushes can get introduced to the water column.



MANUAL REMOVAL:

Direct removal of marine fouling by (-) divers through the use of cloths, brushes or scraping devices. Impossible to remove and collect all of the invasive aquatic species that accumulate, (-) nearly 40% of the species remain attached. Zero-visibility waters pose significant (-) health and life risks to divers.







EXEMPLARY COMPETITORS

- FLEET CLEANER (<u>www.fleetcleaner.com/</u>): High pressure waterjet technology;
 - (+) measurable performance (cleans up to 90% of the hull of a vessel; cleans up to 1200m²/hr)
 - (+) covers zero-visibility water conditions
 - (+) adapts cleaning pressure to the type of fouling, minimizing fouling damage; (+) compact design (2m x 1.8m x 0.6m);
 - (-) operated from a work boat
- HullWiper (www.hullwiper.co): Remotely Operated Vehicle (ROV);
 - (+) measurable performance (cleans up to 2000 m²/h and 96-97% of submerged areas faster than traditional cleaning methods with a cleaning impact that lasts 2 3 times longer);
 - (-) not applicable in all weather conditions
- Jotun HullSkater (www.jotun.com):
 - (+) measurable performance (Bulk Carrier using the cleaning robot for 60 months will save \$2,830,000 as compared to market average and reduce CO2 emissions by 17,600 tons (12.5%); cleaning takes 2 to 8 hours depending on size and condition)
 - (+) cloud-based data collection through high definition inspection capabilities
- TECHULLCLEAN (techullclean.com): Cleaning robot;
 - (+) inspection services available such as inspection of general hull condition and propeller blade inspections
 - (-) diver-operated
- ITCH (shipshave.no): semi-autonomous hull cleaning robotic arm;
 - (+) documentation services available such as hull condition before and after (status info on hull integrity and paint);
 - (-) manually operated by the crew; (-) no automatic data interpretation







Will likely become a key player in reducing marine emissions on a global scale, the best part being they can start today for a maximum impact now and tomorrow.